

Preface

The circumstances which led to the composition of this choral piece in pop ballad style were the death of a friend of the composer. During this time, he was intensely preoccupied with questions of death and parting. The content of the first part, in the minor key, centres on the gnawing question of "Why?", whereas the major-key refrain conveys consolation and comfort.

Performance variants:

- a) Choir, soprano solo and piano: here, the choir does not come in until **B**. The introduction and ending are played by the piano alone.
- b) Choir a cappella and soprano solo: in this version, the choir also sings the introduction and ending, which are printed as small notes, and accompanies the solo part throughout the entire first verse. In the refrain also the small notes in the bass have to be sung.

The solo part can also be more freely interpreted in any way desired, as might be done with a pop ballad. Electrical amplification is also allowed especially for the soloist, so that quiet sections can also be heard well.

The choir should be correctly and sensitively in their interpretation of the beginning in the verses, whereas they can be sung with a great deal of power to create a full pop chorus sound. Good pianists should use the piano part supplied only as a frame of reference for a vivid accompaniment using standard symbols.

Franz M. Herzog, born 1962, studied choral conducting and composition. He teaches at the University of Music and Dramatic Arts and at the Conservatory Graz, Austria. He is the director of a number of vocal ensembles and internationally known as a consultant and speaker in choral direction and voice training.

Vorwort

Der Hintergrund für die Entstehung dieses Chorstückes ist wie bei einer Pop-Ballade der Tod eines Freunden des Komponisten. In diese Zeit beschäftigte er sich intensiv mit dem Thema Tod und Abschied zu nehmen. Der erste Teil in Moll hat die bohrende Frage nach dem „Warum“ zum Inhalt, der Refrain in Dur vermittelt hingegen Trost und Vergebung.

Performance variants:

- a) Chor, Soprano-Solo und Klavier: Dabei setzt der Chor erst bei **B** ein. Intro und Ending werden nur vom Klavier gespielt.
- b) Chor a cappella und Sopran-Solo: In dieser Version singt der Chor auch das in Stichnoten gedruckte Intro und Ending sowie die Begleitung der Solostimme in der gesamten Strophe. Im Refrain sind auch die Stichnoten im Bass auszuführen.

Die Solo-Part kann wie in einer Pop-Ballade nach Belieben auch freier interpretiert werden. Um auch die leisen Stellen gut hörbar zu machen, ist die Verwendung eines Mikrofons für den Solisten sinnvoll.

Der Chor sollte den Glocken-Effekt in den Strophen entsprechend zart interpretieren, der Refrain kann im vollen Popchor-Sound mit viel Power gesungen werden.

Für gute Pianisten soll der beigelegte Klavierpart nur als Orientierung für eine farbige Begleitung (nach den Akkordsymbolen) dienen.

Franz M. Herzog, geboren 1962, studierte Chordirigieren und Komposition. Er ist Lehrbeauftragter an der Musikuniversität Graz und unterrichtet Chordirigieren am Konservatorium Graz. Er leitet mehrere Vokal-Ensembles und ist international als Referent für Chorleitung und Stimmbildung tätig.

Time to Leave

3

SSA a cappella, Soprano Solo and Optional Piano

Words: Franz M. Herzog

Music: Franz M. Herzog

Intro *mf*

Solo

S1

S2

A

Piano/Klavier
(optional)

Time to leave, time
Doo doo doo doo doo
Time to leave, time to go, leave, doo doo doo.
Doo
Gm Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Gm 9/F Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Dsus4



5 A

cold wind blowing in my hair and there's a dark night all a-round my soul. There's a
Doo
doo doo doo doo doo doo doo doo
Dm
Gm Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Gm 9/F Gm Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Gm 9/F



9

storm in my head, a thun-der in my brain,— but why,— but why?
 hoo, in my brain, hoo,
 hoo, in my brain hoo,
 doo doo doo doo, in my why, but why, but

Gm E♭ B♭ F Gm Dm/F

12

— the rock shifts sail - ing through the night, and there's a
 in my heart, peace in my soul, and there is
 why? doo doo doo doo doo doo doo doo
 why? doo doo doo doo doo doo
 why, why? Dm dm dm dm dm dm
 Gm/E♭ Gm Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Gm 9/F



15

There are v... my e...
And in end...
hoo,
doo
doo
doo,
doo, doo, doo,

Gm Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Gm Gm E♭

18

Ref.: Now it's
on me!
Ref.: Now it's
on me!
Ref.: Now it's
on me!

call - ing out my name, bright - er than the sun... but why? on me!
Ref.: Now it's
on me!
1. out my name, 2. than the sun... but why? on me!
Ref.: Now it's
on me!
1. out my name, 2. than the sun... but why? on me!
Ref.: Now it's
on me!

B♭ F Gm Dm/F Gm/E D D7



21

C

time to leave, time to say good-bye. Now it's time to go,

time to leave, time to say good-bye, to go,

time to leave, time to say good-bye, to go,

time to leave, time to say good-bye, time to go,

G9 D/F# C9/E G9 D/F#

24

please don't ask me

Close your eyes, and you will see there's a

ah ooh, you will see,

ah oh, you will see,

ah ooh, you will see,

Em7 A7 D C9 Bm7 G B7/D# Em



27

1. 2. D.S. con rep. al Ø - Ø

new land, take my hand, come and fol - low me! Now it's come and fol - low me! There is
 land, hand, fol - low me! Now it's fol - low me!
 land, hand, fol - low me! Now it's fol - low me!
 land, hand, come, fol - low me! Now it's fol - low me!

Cmaj7 E♭5# G/A A D C A D

30 Ø

F (repeat) ad lib)

come and fol - low me! to leave, time to go.
 fol - low me! Doo doo doo doo doo doo doo.
 fol - low me! Time to leave, time to go, time to leave, doo doo doo.
 fol - low me! Doo doo doo doo doo doo doo.

G/A A S²

Gm Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Gm 9/F Gm Gm 9/F Gm/E♭ Dsus4

