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JETSTREAM

elementary



Real language &
memory training



Dialogue karaoke
videos



JETSTREAM Cloud
with LMS

Lesson 1 It started with a party.

You first! Are you a dragon?

One Chinese New Year a very long time ago, Buddha asked all the animals to a party. He wanted to give a year to the first 12 animals that arrived.

VOCABULARY Dates

1 Say the dates, then discuss the questions below.

1st January = the first of January

1st January 8th March 21st April 9th August
1st / 2nd November 31st December

- What's special about these dates?
- What dates are special in your country?
- What dates are holidays in your country?
- When's your birthday / your partner's birthday / your mother's birthday?

2 2.12 Complete the information about Chinese New Year with five of these words. Then listen and check.

animal date month moon sun system year

Chinese New Year doesn't have a fixed date. It is on a different ¹ _____ in January or February every ² _____. It changes because of the ³ _____. There are 12 animals in the Chinese zodiac ⁴ _____ and each year belongs to a different ⁵ _____.

3 Whose party was it? Read the first part of the story above and find out.

GRAMMAR 1

PAST SIMPLE REGULAR AFFIRMATIVE

verb + -ed / + -d (all pronouns)

The Chinese zodiac system **started** with a party. Buddha **liked** parties!

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4 Underline three regular past simple verbs in the paragraph above.

5 2.13 Say the past simple of these verbs and write them under the correct sound. Then listen, check and repeat.

call decide finish help plan look
need play start

asked /t/	arrived /d/	wanted /ɪd/

VOCABULARY Animals (1)

- 6 2.14 Match the animals with the pictures, then listen, check and repeat.

cat dog dragon elephant giraffe goat
horse lion monkey ox pig rabbit
rat rooster snake tiger

- 7 Look at the animals and answer the questions.

- Which 12 animals are Chinese Zodiac signs?
- Which animal doesn't exist?

- 8 Read the rest of the story below. Use clues in the story to guess animals 1–6.

- 9 2.15 Listen and check. Write the animals in the order they arrived.



GRAMMAR 2

PAST SIMPLE IRREGULAR AFFIRMATIVE

regular	Dragon arrived in fifth place.
irregular	Goat went by boat.

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- 10 Find and underline the past simple of these verbs in the story below.

get go fall fly jump stop swim push

- 11 Answer the questions.

- Which animal arrived a) first b) sixth c) last?
- Describe how these animals crossed the river.
a) Ox b) Rabbit c) Dragon d) Rooster
- How many animals swam?
- How many animals went by boat?
- Dog and Pig took a long time. Why?

SPEAKING

- 12 2020 is the year of the Rat. What are / were these years?

a) 2008 b) 2018 c) 2001 d) 1999
e) 2019 f) 2010 g) 2000 h) 1987

- EXPLORE** What year were you born? What's your Chinese sign? Find out more about it.

- 13 Talk about one or two things that happened in each year in the past.

‘I finished school in 2008.’

- 14 Work in pairs. STUDENT A: Look at page 117. STUDENT B: Look at page 121.

It wasn't easy to get to Buddha's house. There was a problem. There was a river in front of the house, but there wasn't a bridge.

Thirteen animals arrived at the river and looked across at Buddha's house. **1** was very strong. He immediately walked into the water and swam across. **2** and Cat jumped onto **1**'s back, but **2** pushed Cat into the water. When they arrived on the other side of the river, **2** jumped off and got to Buddha's house first, just before **1**.

Tiger swam across the river and arrived next. **3** jumped from stone to stone and arrived fourth.



4 flew and arrived in fifth place. She wasn't first because she helped other animals on the way. Snake arrived next, and then Horse. They both swam across. Goat, Monkey and Rooster went by boat. They were eighth, ninth and tenth.

Dog arrived next. He was a good swimmer but he took a long time because he played in the water. The twelfth animal to arrive was **5**. He was late because he got hungry during the race and stopped for a sandwich. Then he fell asleep. Finally **6** arrived, but she was thirteenth, so she wasn't part of the Chinese zodiac.

You first! Do you know this story?



The First Lady of Civil Rights



Rosa Parks was an African American. She was born on 4th February 1913 in Tuskegee, Alabama. On Thursday, 1st December 1955, she did a very courageous thing and it changed the lives of millions of African Americans in the United States forever.

On that day, at around six o'clock in the evening, Rosa got on a bus in Montgomery to go home from work. She didn't sit in the first four rows of the bus because they were for white people only, so she sat in the fifth row.

Very soon, the bus was completely full. Then a white man got on. He didn't want to stand up, he wanted to sit down, so the bus driver told the four black people in the fifth row to get up.

Three people got up, but Rosa Parks didn't get up. She said no.

Some people said later that Rosa didn't get up because she was tired after her day's work and because she was old. It's true she was tired, but that wasn't the reason. She wasn't *physically* tired, but she was very tired of stupid rules, so she said no – and she didn't get up.

READING

1 Describe the photos and answer the questions.

- 1 Who do you think didn't get up?
- 2 Why not?

2 Read the story and check your ideas.

3 Do you know or can you guess what happened next? Read the rest of the story on page 122.

4 Are these sentences true or false?

- 1 Rosa got on a bus to go to work.
- 2 She sat in the third row.
- 3 The white man wanted to stand up.
- 4 All four African Americans in the fifth row got up.
- 5 Rosa Parks said yes.
- 6 She said no because she was old.

★ **Did you know?** 4th February and 1st December are both now Rosa Parks Day in California and Ohio.

GRAMMAR

- 5 Complete the table. Look at the story again if you need to.

PAST SIMPLE NEGATIVE	
regular	He wanted to sit down.
	He didn't _____ to stand up.
irregular	She sat in the fifth row.
	She _____ in the third row.

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- 6 Correct the statements in 4.

1 She didn't get on a bus to go to work.
She got on a bus to go home.

- 7 Find and underline the past simple of these verbs in the story. Are they regular or irregular?

change do get say sit tell want

- 8 Complete the sentences with the correct past simple form of the verbs in brackets so they are true for you. Then compare with a partner.

- I drank (drink) five cups of coffee yesterday.
- I didn't come (come) to class by bus today.
- I _____ (leave) home an hour ago.
- I _____ (get up) at six o'clock this morning.
- I _____ (have) breakfast in a café.
- I _____ (go) to bed very late last night.
- I _____ (see) a really good film on TV.
- I _____ (do) an hour of homework last night.

last / ago

last night / week / weekend / Thursday / year

ten minutes / an hour / years / two days / a long time **ago**

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WRITING

CONNECTORS: AND, BUT, BECAUSE, SO

We went to Alabama **and** Mississippi, **but** we didn't go to Louisiana **because** we didn't have time, **so** we didn't see New Orleans.

- 9 Find and underline connectors in the story in 2.

- 10 Complete the sentences with the correct words.

- Rosa didn't get up _____ she was tired of stupid rules.
- Some people said Rosa was old _____ tired.
- The white man wanted to sit down, _____ the bus was full.
- Rosa was the first person to say no, _____ they called her the First Lady of Civil Rights.

- 11  **Cover the story. Retell it with a partner. Use these prompts to help you.**

African American / 4th February 1913 /
1st December 1955 / six o'clock / bus / home /
white people only / fifth row / completely full /
white man / bus driver / four people / three people /
but Rosa ... / because ...

- 12 Rewrite the story of Rosa Parks in your own words.



SPEAKING

- 13 **THINK** Talk about the questions.

- How old was Rosa that day on the bus? Was she 'old'?
- The bus driver didn't tell just one person to get up. Why?
- What do you imagine he said to the four people? Was he polite?
- What do you imagine the bus driver said when Rosa said no?

MOVIES

Read about two important films.

Mississippi Burning (USA, 1988, dir. Alan Parker) In this classic film, two FBI agents arrive in Mississippi to investigate the disappearance of civil rights activists. Stars Gene Hackman and Willem Dafoe.

12 Years a Slave (UK / USA, 2013, dir. Steve McQueen) One man's fight for freedom. A free black man becomes a slave against his will. Twelve years later, he finally gets his freedom. A remarkable story of a remarkable life.

Find out about the true stories behind these films. Search online.

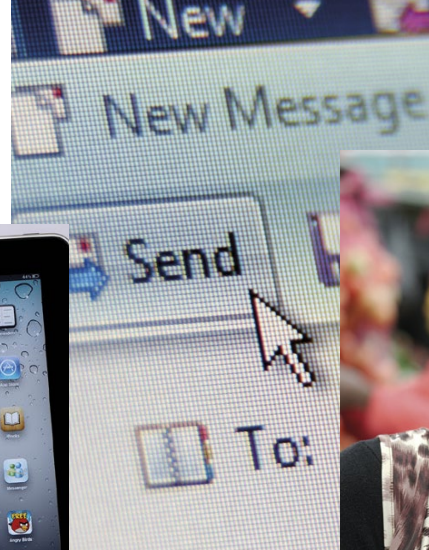
MUSIC

Here's the title of a song. What did Stevie Wonder call to say?

I just called to say ...

Search online. What months are in the song? What seasons? What special celebrations?

MOVIES & MUSIC



VOCABULARY Technology (1)

- 1 2.16 Match words from A and B. Then listen and check.

A digital internet mobile online phone
social text video web

B access call camera clip dating
message network page phone

- 2 Complete the sentences with words from 1.

- We don't get very good _____ where I live in the country.
- I met my husband through an _____ website.
- I think Facebook is a fantastic _____.
- Please send me a _____ to tell me where to meet you.
- Did you see that funny _____ of the cats talking?
- I hate it when people make _____ on their _____ on the bus!



De-stress!

Do a gorilla thump if you feel tired or stressed. It gives you energy!

READING AND LISTENING

- 3 Read the introduction. Name the man and the company.

People called him 'the father of the digital revolution'. He was a brilliant designer and inventor and he was CEO of a company with the name of a fruit. This company is very famous for its computers – and also the iPhone.



- 4 Read the rest of the article, then guess the answers to the questions.

On 9th January 2007, at the Moscone Centre in San Francisco, he presented the iPhone to the world. It was the world's first 'smartphone' and it was a great moment. It was the beginning of a revolution: a revolution in mobile technology.

Then he made two calls. The first was to Apple designer, Jonathan Ive, in the audience. For the second call, he dialled a number in San Francisco.



- Who did he call in San Francisco?
- How did the other person answer?
- What did he ask for?

- 5 2.17 Listen and check your answers to 4.

6 Tick the phrases you heard, a or b. Then listen again and check.

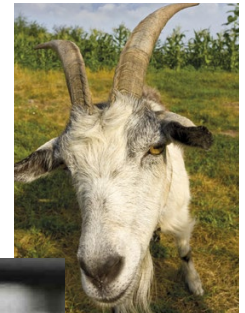
- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 a) ☐ Good morning. | b) ☐ Good afternoon. |
| 2 a) ☐ How can I help you? | b) ☐ Can you help me? |
| 3 a) ☐ I like to order ... | b) ☐ I'd like to order ... |
| 4 a) ☐ Just kidding. | b) ☐ Just kissing. |
| 5 a) ☐ Right number. | b) ☐ Wrong number. |

7 Now act out the conversation.

LISTENING AND WRITING

8 GUESS What else do you know about Steve Jobs?
Look at the options below. Use the photos to help you. More than one option may be correct.

Date of birth	
Chinese Zodiac sign	
Religion	atheist / Buddhist / Catholic / Muslim
Clothes	a suit / jeans / a sweater / trainers
Food	vegetables / fish / meat
Car	BMW / Mercedes / Porsche
Music	
Year of death	
Cause	an accident / a heart attack / cancer



9 **2.18** Listen to two people talking about him, and check your answers.

10 Complete the missing information in 8. Then listen again and check.

11 Write a short paragraph about Steve Jobs. Use the information in 8 to help you.

GRAMMAR

12 Complete the question forms in the table.

PAST SIMPLE QUESTIONS	
What ____ he do?	He made a phone call, but he didn't call his wife.
Who ____ he ____?	He called Starbucks.
____ he ask for tea?	No, he didn't.
____ he ____ for coffee?	Yes, he did.

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13 Write the questions for these answers.

- When _____?
He went to India in 1974.
- _____?
No, he didn't wear a suit.
- _____?
Yes, he ate fish, but not meat.
- What car _____?
He drove a Mercedes SL 55 AMG.
- What music _____?
He liked Bob Dylan and the Beatles.

SPEAKING

14 EVERYBODY UP! Find someone who did these things. Add two more questions.

ordered a takeaway at the weekend
wore a suit yesterday
drove to class today
ate fish last Friday
was born in February

“Did you order a takeaway at the weekend?”

“Yes! We ordered a Chinese on Saturday.”

15 Think about the questions. Ask other people.

- Do you have a smartphone? If 'yes', when did you get it, and when did you last use it?
- When did you last ...

send a text message?	make a phone call?
check your emails?	visit a website?
read the news?	search for information?
look at the time?	watch a video clip?

“When did you last send a text message?”

“Two minutes ago!”

ANIMALS (2)

- 1 2.19 Cover the word box. How many animals can you name? Then look, listen and check.



bee bear butterfly dolphin frog mouse
rhino shark spider whale

- 2 Look at the animals above and on page 53.
Write at least two animals for each question.

Which animals ...

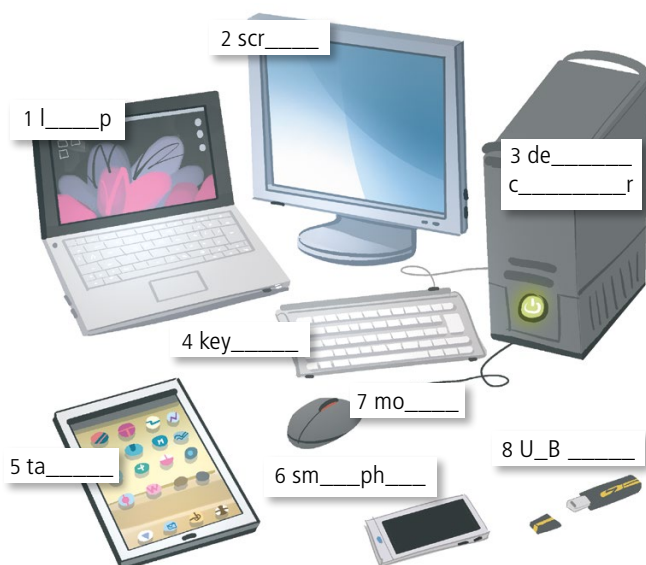
- 1 are farm animals? 3 are dangerous?
2 are pets? 4 are in danger?

- 3 Follow the instructions and do this simple psychology test.

- Choose three animals. If you don't know the word in English, ask your teacher.
- Number them first, second and third in order of preference.
- Look at page 123 to find out what your choice means.
- Compare with other people.

TECHNOLOGY (2)

- 4 2.20 Look at the pictures. Complete the labels, then listen and check.



- 5 Complete the questionnaire for you. Then compare your answers with the rest of the class.

Computer questionnaire

1 What do you own?

- ☐ a laptop ☐ a desktop computer
☐ a smartphone ☐ a tablet

2 When and where do you use your phone?

- ☐ on a bus or train ☐ in the car
☐ in the supermarket ☐ in your English class
☐ when you first wake up
☐ before you go to sleep
☐ Other: _____

3 What do you use your phone for most?

- ☐ text messaging ☐ email
☐ finding information ☐ news
☐ social media / networking ☐ Skype
☐ Other: _____

4 What things do you do online?

- ☐ buy things
☐ make travel arrangements
☐ research travel destinations
☐ book cinema tickets
☐ Other: _____

FOCUS ON: get

- a Complete the sentences with the correct form of **get**.

- 1 *get to* = *arrive at*
Rat _____ Buddha's house first.
2 *get on* = *enter* (a bus, etc.)
Rosa _____ a bus to go home.
3 *get up* = *stand up*
She didn't _____ on the bus.
4 *get* = *become*
I always _____ hungry in the afternoon.
5 *get up* = *get out of bed*
I _____ at six every day.
6 *get* = *understand*
I _____ it! It's very clear.

- b Rewrite sentences 4–6 so they are true for you.



TALKING ON THE PHONE



1 🎧 2.21 📺 Watch or listen to the conversation.

JACK Hello?
 PAT Is that Jack?
 JACK Speaking.
 PAT Hi. It's Pat.
 JACK Oh, hi Pat. Listen, can I call you back? I have a small problem.
 PAT Of course.
 JACK What's your number?
 PAT It's 07941 662 358.
 JACK OK. Speak to you soon.
 PAT Yeah. Bye.

2 What is Jack's 'small problem'?

3 🗣️ Act out the conversation in pairs or with the karaoke video.

4 Look at the photo. Where is the receptionist?



5 🎧 2.22 Complete the conversation. Then listen and check. Is the receptionist polite or rude?

RECEPTIONIST 1 _____?
 SAM 2 _____ the dental surgery?
 RECEPTIONIST No, 3 _____ the sports centre.
 You have the wrong number.
 SAM Oh, I'm so 4 _____.
 RECEPTIONIST 5 _____ problem. Goodbye.
 SAM 6 _____.

6 🎧 2.23 Listen again. What is different this time?

7 🎧 2.24 Listen. Does Sam have the right number this time?

8 Complete the conversation with these questions.

Can I have your name, please?
 Is Thursday 23rd March OK? At nine o'clock?
 How can I help you? Is this your first time here?

RECEPTIONIST Cavendish Dental Surgery.

1 _____

SAM Oh, um. Can I make an appointment?

RECEPTIONIST 2 _____

SAM Yes, it is.

RECEPTIONIST 3 _____

SAM It's Sam Gonzalez. G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-Z.

RECEPTIONIST Right, Mrs Gonzalez.

4 _____

SAM But it's only January! It's urgent!

RECEPTIONIST Oh! You didn't say that. Come in at 11.30.

SAM Thank you very much. Goodbye.

RECEPTIONIST Goodbye.

9 Listen again and check.

10 Work in pairs. Choose a situation and have a conversation. Use the conversation in 8 as a model. Take turns to be the receptionist and the customer.

Starbuck's – order 4,000 coffees!

Luigi's restaurant – book a table for six people

Clare's Hairdresser's – make an appointment

⚠️ we don't say ... we say ...

the twenty-one June	the twenty-first of June
I arrived at home.	I arrived home.
He went in India.	He went to India.
We go to the cinema yesterday.	We went to the cinema yesterday.
Do you have breakfast today?	Did you have breakfast today?

Dance & Music



ASHLEY BANJO is a British street dancer and actor. His dance group – Diversity – became famous in 2009 when they won the TV show *Britain's Got Talent*.

Ashley's life is very interesting. He was born on 4th October, 1988, to parents of different nationalities: his father was a Nigerian boxer and his mother was an English ballet dancer. His parents had a dance school, and Ashley knew when he was very young that he wanted to be a dancer. He danced in a group with friends for many years, then he went to Queen Mary University and he studied natural sciences. While he was there,

in 2007, he decided to call the group Diversity because the name celebrated the fact that they were all different.

Now Diversity dance all over the country. Ashley is also an ambassador for the United Dance Organisation, a huge street dance organisation with over 30,000 members in five continents. He works with groups of people all over the country too and teaches beginners to dance. His motto is: 'Dream Believe Achieve'. 'Believe in yourself,' he says, 'because if you do, whatever you want to achieve is possible. And Diversity are a perfect example of this.'

READING

1 Read the article and answer the questions.

- How many different things does Ashley Banjo do?
- What is Ashley's motto? Do you agree with it?

2 Read the article again. Correct the five false sentences.

- Ashley's parents were both English.
- They had an art school.
- Ashley always wanted to be an actor.
- He studied natural sciences at university.
- He started Diversity after university.
- The United Dance Organisation is a national organisation.

GRAMMAR

3 Find and underline all the present tenses and circle all the past tenses in the article above.

4 Write questions for these answers.

- 4th October, 1988.
- He was Nigerian.
- She was a dancer.
- Natural sciences.
- In 2007.
- 'Believe in yourself.'

SPEAKING AND WRITING

- 5 2.25 Read the information and answer the questions, then listen and check.

In 2009, Diversity won an award for role model of the year. Many people think these people are great role models too. Who are they and what did / do they do?



- 6 In groups of three you have three minutes to make a shortlist of three people you all agree are great role models. What did they do?
- 7 2009 was a special year for Diversity. It changed their lives. Write down three special years in your life, then tell a partner what happened.
- 8 Choose one of your special years in 7 and write a short paragraph about it.

1999 was a great year for me because I ...

PREPOSITIONPARK

Complete the short text with the correct prepositions, *in* or *on*.



Born in a tree

2000 was a very special year for Sofia Pedro. She was 26 years old and she lived ¹ _____ a village ² _____ Mozambique. ³ _____ February 2000, there was a terrible flood. Sofia was nine months pregnant. She climbed a tree and she was there for four days, with nothing to eat or drink. ⁴ _____ 1st March her baby was born ⁵ _____ the tree. Luckily, a helicopter arrived ⁶ _____ that day too, so Sofia and her baby were safe.

CROSS CULTURE BIRTHDAYS



- a 2.26 Read and complete the information about birthdays with these countries. Then listen and check.

India Mexico Saudi Arabia the USA

Birthdays are a very old European tradition. People had birthday celebrations because they didn't want bad luck. That's why people said 'Happy Birthday' and gave presents. Different cultures celebrate birthdays in different ways.

Children wear new clothes on their birthday in ¹ _____. But never give someone a present in black and white paper. It is unlucky.

In ² _____ children have a big party with a piñata, a big bag that looks like an animal, full of toys and money. A girl's 15th birthday (*quinceanera*) is special in many Latin cultures because she is now a young woman.



But not all cultures celebrate birthdays.

In ³ _____, Native American Indians celebrate the day an adult becomes a parent.

And in ⁴ _____ and many other countries, they celebrate religious holidays and weddings but they do not celebrate birthdays.

- b Work in groups. Ask and answer questions to find out what special things people do on their birthday.